

Forest Strategy Group Scheme

Public Summary of Monitoring Results

This report records the results of monitoring on each of the member properties. The monitoring considers the High Conservation Values present and the presence of other important values. This report is produced periodically as required.

Reporting Period: 1 July 2019 to 6 November 2023

5: Southern Exposure

Location: Jindivick, Victoria

Forests present: Native Forest.

EVCs present: Wet Forest, Damp Forest, Shrubby Foothill Forest.

HCVs present: HCV4; Critical Ecosystem Services; Forests occur in the

catchment of the Tarrago Reservoir which is used for potable

water.

Other Values present: Native forest ecosystems.

Monitoring Results:

A private ecological consulting firm (Wildlife Unlimited) was engaged to survey the ecological values of the property to improve the base knowledge of the property and guide future conservation and forest management planning and timber harvesting plans. The survey results were comprehensive and exceeded expectations.

Flora and fauna surveys conducted in November 2022 and January 2023 confirmed the presence of a number of threatened or endangered species. They detected Toothed Leionema (Leionema bilobum subsp.serrulatum), Tree Geebung (Persoonia arborea), Tubercule Burrowing Crayfish (Engaeus tuberculatus), Powerful Owl (Ninox strenua), Masked Owl (Tyto novaehollandiae), Greater Glider (Petauroides volans), Yellow-Bellied Glider (Petaurus australis) and Gang-gang Cockatoo (Callocephalon fimbriatum). They identified unmapped vegetation, Riparian Thicket EVC 59, and potential Smoky Mouse habitat.

Flora and fauna surveys conducted at between April and May 2023 confirmed the presence of a number of threatened or endangered species. Four species of frogs, 31 species of birds, 14 mammal species, two reptile and 27 species of plants and mosses were identified. Significant species detected include Gang Gang Cockatoo (Callocephalon fimbriatum), White Footed Dunnart (Sminthopsis leucopus), Powerful Owl (Ninox strenua), Greater Glider (Petauroides volans), and Yellow-bellied Glider (Petaurus australis). They mapped the patch of Paperbark dominated vegetation and compiled a species list. Wildlife Unlimited concluded that this property contains high conservation areas including waterways and mature forests supporting large populations of arboreal mammals. Conservation maintenance in the form of weed, deer and feral cat management are required to maintain the high conservation values present here.

The results of the surveys will be included in the next revision of the Forest Management Plan.

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Value	Strategy	Results
Fauna Species	Limit harvesting to low value areas. Protect all habitat trees. Limit harvesting by extent and duration.	Survey Report.
Special Vegetation Types	Add to conservation areas.	Survey Report.
Water quality	Observe water quality in Crystal Creek	Good quality flows observed.

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the values present. The survey has identified significant values that warrant further investigation, mapping and inclusion in the Forest Management Plan.

It is noted that EDNA has been conducted through water sampling and results are awaited. The intent of the sampling was to confirm the vertebrate species on site and extend knowledge beyond observations.

Future strategies will focus on protecting the values identified. There are no current plans to harvest timber from the forests. Any future plans will consider the results of the survey.

8: Mia Mia

Location: Lismore, Victoria

Forests present: Windbreak plantations, Sugar Gum.

EVCs present: Nil. Formerly: Plains Grassland.

HCVs present: Nil.

Other Values present: Arboreal habitat.

Monitoring Results:

The plantations support two raptor nests that have been retained in habitat patches. The Whistling Kite nest has been continuously occupied since 2013 and at least 8 fledglings have been produced. The second nest was observed in 2023 with a fledgling present. The nesting pair are either Brown Goshawk or Collared Sparrow Hawk. The nest is very small and may not be used again.

Thirty seven bird species have been observed in the 8.6 hectares of plantations. There are a number of species present when the trees are flowering. Harvesting will be scheduled after the youngest stand has started flowering to ensure continuing access to this resource for the birds.

Three habitat patches and 35 single hollow bearing trees have been retained and protected.

The remaining mature stand was monitored for the presence of mammals using camera traps with 4 types of attractants (sardines, oats, peanut butter and bird seed). Only 2 species were detected, Black Rat and House Mouse. They were most interested in the peanut butter and bird seed. Camera traps have previously detected a fox.

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Value	Strategy	Results
Bird Species	Protect most trees with hollows. Protect scattered wattles and understorey plants. Wait for young stands to flower before next harvest.	Additional bird species recorded. Kite nest occupied and fledglings produced.
Mammals	Undertake further monitoring to attempt to detect native species	Three introduced species detected
Arboreal Species	Undertake further monitoring using a spotlight survey to detect which species are using the retained hollows.	Hollows are used by Corellas and Galahs.

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the species present.

9: Home Farm

Location: Derrinallum, Victoria

Forests present: Windbreak plantations, various species; Wetland

EVCs present: Plains Sedgy Wetland, Plains Grassland

HCVs present: Nil.

Other Values present: Arboreal and Wetland habitats.

Monitoring Results:

There are a pair of brolgas observed nesting in the wetland along with Black Swans.

All plantations are to be used for conservation purposes.

Value	Strategy	Results
Wetland Bird Species	Monitor the breeding of birds on the wetland	Brolgas not detected at last visit.

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the species present.

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10: Naringal

Location: Wallinduc, Victoria

Forests present: Windbreak plantations, Sugar Gum and mixed shrub species

EVCs present: Nil, Formerly: Plains Grassland, Grassy Woodland, Riparian

Woodland, Plains Grassy Woodland.

HCVs present: Nil.

Other Values present: Adjacent to rare vegetation.

Monitoring Results:

Spiney Rice-flower and White Sunray are known to occur adjacent to the plantations on the grassland road verges. They plants are unlikely to survive in the plantations.

Value	Strategy	Results
Rare Species	Detect and record any occurrences	None detected.

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the species present.

20: Lancefield Tree Farm

Location: Lancefield, Victoria

Forests present: Timber plantations; Agroforestry plantations.

EVCs present: Nil. Formerly: Damp Sands Herb-rich Woodland, Valley Grassy

Forest/Woodland

HCVs present: Nil.

Other Values present: Arboreal habitat.

Monitoring Results:

The plantations are surveyed for bird species by Birdlife Australia seasonally, four times a year. The plantations are of interest as an example of regenerating forests from previous farmland. The survey is to detect birds discovering new habitat. The results show that there is seasonal variation in the number of birds present which fluctuates from 50 to 124 birds observed.

The number of species present is also monitored. The number of indigenous species present rose from 28 to 37 in 2022.

The property is occupied by a sizable mob of Easten Grey Kangaroos and native vegetation is present in spite of the previous grazing history. Other native mammals recorded include wombat, echidna and brush-tailed phascogale. Further plant species surveys may detect additional native plant species.

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Value	Strategy	Results
Bird Species	Monitor numbers	124 individual birds detected.
Indigenous Species	Monitor numbers	37 different indigenous species detected

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the species present.

Additional vegetation surveys are planned.

21: Mt Horsfall

Location: Loch Valley, Victoria

Forests present: Native Forest.

EVCs present: Wet Forest, Damp Forest.

HCVs present: Nil.

Other Values present: Native forest ecosystems.

Monitoring Results:

A private ecological consulting firm (Wildlife Unlimited) was engaged to survey of ecological values of the property to improve the base knowledge of ecological values and to prepare the Property Vegetation Plan for the previous owners.

This survey identified that the previous harvesting had removed all of the pre 1939 trees and that there were very few hollow bearing trees present. They failed to identify any habitat suitable for Leadbeater's Possum, although they are common in the surrounding State Forest. They found no Greater Gliders or Powerful Owls.

Value	Strategy	Results
Regenerating Forest	Do stocking surveys to determine the level of regeneration.	Not due yet.
Tree Geebung	Identify and protect large individuals.	Specimens recorded in Timber Harvesting Plans

Strategy Effectiveness:

The current strategy is to gather more information about the values present and immediately protect them where appropriate from the planned harvesting.

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